PRODIAMINE GROUP

HERBICIDE

Lebanon Pro

FERTILIZER WITH PRODIAMINE 0.38% PREEMERGENCE WEED CONTROL

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Total Nitrogen /N

Total Nitrogen (N)	13%
13.0% Urea Nitrogen*	
Soluble Potash (K ₂ 0)	4%
Derived From: Urea, Muriate of Potash.	

*6.5% Stabilized Urea Nitrogen with N-(n-butyl) Thiophosphoric Triamide.

NOTE: Supplemental applications of lawn fertilizer are needed to achieve a minimum 1 lb. Nitrogen per 1,000 sq. ft.



SUGGESTED SPREADER SETTINGS							
Spreader	3.9#/1,000 sq. ft.	4.6#/1,000 sq. ft.	5.9#/1,000 sq. ft.	Spreader	3.9#/1,000 sq. ft.	4.6#/1,000 sq. ft.	5.9#/1,000 sq. ft.
LebanonTurf	41/2	43/4	7	Lesco (letter/Nume	eric) i/17	J/21	M/26
Andersons Acc	cuPro K	M	S	PennMulch HVO	Ĺ	N	S
Earthway Rotar	ry 15	16	23	ProScape SS	L	N	S
Gandy	26	28	35	Spyker	41/2	43/4	7
Lely	5 II	6 II	7½ II	Vicon (all models)	24	26	32
These settings were calibrated and field tested. However, age and condition of spreader, speed of operation and evenness of							

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the Internet at:

http://www.regulatory-info-lebsea.com

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Prodiamine	0.38%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	99.62%
TOTAL:	100.00%
	(1.)

terrain may require slightly different settings for desired coverage.

For selective preemergence control of listed grass and broadleaf weeds

· established turfgrasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns landscape ornamentals (including established perennials &

EPA Reg. No. 961-365 EPA Est. No. 961-PA-01 Superscript used is first letter of lot number

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT. USE ONLY ACCORDING TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS. Before buying this product, read the Warranty Section elsewhere on this label.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes moderate eve injury (irritation), Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eves, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust, Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact while handling the material may cause allergic reactions in some individuals

_ FIRST AID					
IF IN EYES: • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.					
	 Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. 				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.				
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: • Take off contaminated clothing.					
	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.				
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.				
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.				

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact (888)-208-1368 for

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish, However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish, DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

If material is spilled: Contain and sweep up material of spill for disposal or use per label instructions. Wash cleanup equipment to prevent contamination elsewhere. Excess quantities above normal application rates could result in damage to plants subject to spill. Water-in remainder, disc under, cover with layer of soil, or leave exposed to sunlight, as deemed

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product is toxic to plants not listed on this label and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds as listed in established turfgrasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns, landscape ornamentals, established perennials and wildflower plantings.

This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at

least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1-2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Not for use on plants being grown (1) for sale or other commercial use, (2) for commercial seed production, or (3) for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

DO NOT graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

DO NOT apply aerially.
DO NOT apply to golf course putting greens.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, Lebanon Pro Brand Fertilizer with PRODIAMINE 0.38% Preemergence Weed Control is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain certain or develop plants naturally resistant to Lebanon Pro Brand Fertilizer with PRODIAMINE 0.38% Preemergence Weed Control and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same area. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed. To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

Rotate the use of Lebanon Pro Brand Fertilizer with PRODIAMINE 0.38% Preemergence Weed Control or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season with different herbicide

Adopt an integrated weed management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use, and that considers cultural, biological

Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other areas by cleaning equipment.

If weed population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode

Contact your sales representative, pest control advisors, or local extension specialist for additional pesticide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific types of plants and weed biotypes.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

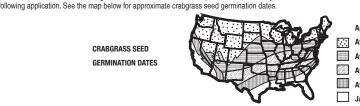
ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds as listed in established turfgrasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product may be applied per year is given for each turfgrass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turfgrasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days

CRABGRASS SEED

Apply uniformly with suitable, calibrated application equipment.



After April 20

After March 20 January 1 to March 20

USE PRECAUTIONS

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turfgrasses and lawns:

Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly overseeded grasses

DO NOT apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

DO NOT apply to newly set sod until the following year.

Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.

Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control. **DO NOT** apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.

BATES OF APPLICATION

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds

Maximum use rate selection must be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

MAXIMUM ANNUAL RATES

This product is for use on the turfgrass species listed in the following table. DO NOT exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

MAXIMUM APPLICATION RATE/CALENDAR YEAR of LEBANON PRO BRAND FERTILIZER WITH PRODIAMINE 0.38% PREEMERGENCE WEED CONTROL by Turfgrass Species® Lbs. Product/Acre Lbs. Product/1,000 Sq. Ft. Lbs. Al/Acre Turf Species Bermudagrass²). Bahiagrass, Centipedegrass, Seashore Paspalum, St. Augustinegrass, 8.9 Tall Fescue (including turf-type), Zoysia

Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass Creeping Red Fescue 0.75 3.9

These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 137 lbs./Acre. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

. DO NOT apply more than 395 lbs. of this product per calendar year

• Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and longer periods of weed control for each turf type, but DO NOT exceed the maximum application rates specified in the

WEEDS CONTROLLED

when used in accordance with this label this product will provide control of the following weeds:						
Barnyardgrass		Crabgrass (large, smooth)	Henbit	Kochia	Purslane, Common	Speedwell, Persian
Bluegrass, Annual (Poa a	nnua)	Crowfootgrass	Itchgrass	Lambsquarters, Common	Pusley, Florida	Sprangletop
Carpetweed		Cupgrass, Woolly	Johnsongrass (from seed)	Lovegrass	Rescuegrass ³	Spurge, Prostrate
Chickweed, Common		Foxtail, Annual	Junglerice	Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Shepherd's Purse ²	Witchgrass
Chickweed, Mouseear (fro	m seed)	Goosegrass ¹	Knotweed	Pigweed	Signalgrass, Broadleaf	Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)

In many areas a single application of 170 to 395 lbs/Acre of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 170 to 265 lbs./Acre followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the Maximum Annual Rate Table. DO NOT exceed the maximum rate for turfgrass species listed in the Maximum Annual Rate Table above.

Apply this product in late summer, fall or winter prior to germination 3 Suppression only.

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rates listed for each turf species. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

WHEN TO APPLY AFTER OVERSEEDING TURE

DO NOT apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil. WHEN TO OVERSEED AFTER APPLICATION

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

LEBANON PRO BRAND FERTILIZER WITH PRODIAMINE 0.38%

EEMERGENCE WEED (CONTROL Rate (lb./A)		Months Before Overseeding			
Product	Al	North	Transition	Sc		
132	.50	4	4			
170	.66	5	4			
195	.74	6	5			
210	.80		6			
265	1.00		7			
300	1.14					
342	1.30					
395	1.50					

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS (including Established Perennials and Wildflower Plantings)

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornar

USE RATES

Apply this product at 170 to 395 lbs./Acre in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications are to be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 395 lbs./Acre.

APPLICATION TIMING AND INFORMATION

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) mechanical incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

ESTABLISHED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

Apply this product in the fall and/or spring to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top or directed application. Irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash residues off plant foliage and activate this product in the soil. NEWLY TRANSPLANTED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

Apply this product in the fall and/or spring to newly transplanted ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union. **TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES**

This product will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. Apply

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product. Scientific Name Scientific Name Common Name

Common Name

Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name
Abies spp.	Fir species**	C. Dammeri	Bearberry Cotoneaster
	(Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)	C. horizontalis	Rockspray Cotoneaster
Abelia grandiflora	Abelia: Sherwood	C. microphyllus	Littleleaf Cotoneaster
Acer palmatum	Japanese Maple	Cretaegus spp.	Hawthorn
A. platanoides	Norway Maple	Crocosmia sp.	Lucifer
Achillea sp.	Yarrow: King Edward	Cupressus sempervirens	Italian Cypress
Actinidia chinensis	Kiwi*	Delosperma alba	White Trailing Ice Plant
Agapanthus africanus	Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)	Delosperma sp.	Cooperi Pink
Agapanthus orientalis	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Delphinium sp.	Larkspur: Blue Elf
Akebia quinata	Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine	Dianthus deltoides	Dianthus; Maiden Pinks "Zing"
Allium cernuum	Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion	D. gratianopolitanus	Cheddar Pink
Anemone hybrida	Japanese Anemone	Dodonaea viscosa	Hop Bush
Aquilegia sp.	Aquilegia: Red and Gold	Echinacea pupurea	Coneflower, Purple; Magnus
Arctostaphylos densiflora	Vine Hill Manzanita	Elaeagnus commutata	Silverberry
Arctotheca calendula	Cape Weed	E. pungens	Silverthorn
Artemesia sp.	Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle	Euonymus Fortunei	Wintercreeper
Aster sp.	Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome	E. japonica	Japanese Spindle Tree
Aster X Frikartii	Frikarti's aster		(Evergreen Euonymus,Spreading
Athyrium Filix-femina	Lady Fern; Fern Lady		Euonymus)
Aucuba japonica	Japanese Aucuba	E. kiautschovica	Creeping Strawberry Bush; Manhattan
Begonia sp.	Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis	D. Kataisenovica	Euonymus
Berberis gladwynensis	William Penn Barberry	Fatsia japonica	Japanese Aralia
B. Julianae	Wintergreen Barberry	Forsythia x intermedia	Border Forsythia
B. mentorensis	Mentor Barberry	Forsythia suspensa	Weeping Forsythia
B. Thunbergii	,	F. viridissima	Greenstem Forsythia
B. verruculosa	Japanese Barberry	Gaillardia sp.	Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: "Goblin"
	Warty Barberry	•	Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine, Radicans
Bergenia cordifolia	Pigsqueak	Gardenia jasminoides	dardenia, Cape-Jasinine, nadicans
Boltonia asteroides	Snowbank; False Aster	Gaura sp.	Gentian
Buddleia davidii	Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue);	Gentiana dahurica	
D : 1 11	Royal Red	Geranium cinereum	Ashey Cranesbill
Buxus microphylla	Japanese Boxwood	Gladiolus spp.	Gladiolus species**
Callistemon viminalis	Weeping Bottlebrush	Gypsophila repens	Baby's Breath
Calluna vulgaris	Scotch Heather	Hedera helix	English Ivy
Campanula carpatica	Tussock Bellflower, (White Clips)	Helianthemum sp.	Sunrose
Campis X Tagliabuana	Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower, Madame Galen	Hemerocallis sp.	Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love
C		Hibiaana amiaana	Rose of Sharon**
Carpobrotus edulis	Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)	Hibiscus syriacus	Mallow: Disco Belle White
Cassia artemisoides	Feathery Cassia	Hibiscus sp.	
Ceanothus rigidus	Wild Lilac	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	Chinese Hibiscus
Ceratostigma plumbaginoides		Hosta plantaginea	Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)
Chamaecyparis pisifera	False Cypress	H. Sieboldiana	Hosta, "Seersucker"
Chrysanthemum nipponicum	Nippon Daisy	Houttuynia cordata var. variegata	Chameleon Plant
Cleyera japonica	Cleyera	Hydrangea macrophylla	Bigleaf Hydrangea
Citrus spp.	Citrus species*	Ilex pernyi	Perny Holly
Coreopsis sp.	Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early	Ilex cornuta	Chinese Holly
	Sunrise, Moonbeam	I. crenata	Japanese Holly; Helleri
Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood, American	I. opaca	American Holly
	Dogwood	I. vomitoria	Yaupon Holly; Schillings
C. stolonifera	Red Osier Dogwood	Inula ensifolia	Swordleaf Inula
	Pampas Grass	Iris ensata	Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong
Cortaderia selloana	i ailipas Giass		
Cortaderia selloana Cotoneaster apiculatus	Cranberry Cotoneaster	Iris siberica	Siberian Iris; Cabernet

* DO NOT use on food producing trees, vines, or plants. ** Not for use on container grown plants.

(continued)

For technical assistance or more information about our products visit www.LebanonTurf.com

Manufactured by:

Lebanon Seaboard Corporation 1600 E. Cumberland St. • Lebanon, PA 17042 www.LebanonTurf.com

Net Weight 1000 LBS. (453.6 kg)

Scientific Name **Common Name** Jasminum nudiflorum Winter Jasmine Juniperus chinensis Chinese Juniper; Nick's Compact, Parsonii J. conferta Shore Juniper; Blue Pacific J. davurica Parson's Juniper J. horizontalis Creeping Juniper Juglans sp. Walnut* Justicia brandegeana Shrimp Plant Lagerstroemia indica Crepe Myrtle Lagerstroemia indica X Fauriei Crepe Myrtle; Tuscarora Lantana montevidensis Weeping Lantana Lavender sp. Lavender; Munstead Leontopodium alpinum Edelweiss Chinese Privet; Variegata Ligustrum sinense Ligustrum amurense Amur Privet L. japonicum Japanese Privet L. lucidum Glossy Privet (Waxleaf) Lilium sp. Lily: Jazz Liriope muscari Big Blue Lily; Turf; Silver Mound; Evergreen Giant Liriope muscari var. variegata Liriope, Variegated Liriope spicata Liriope, Creeping Lobelia Cardinalis Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink Lonicera japonica Japanese Honevsuckle L. tatarica Tatarian Honeysuckle Loropetalum chinense Burgundy Lythrum sp. Loosestrife; Modern Pink Magnolia spp. Magnolia species** Malephora luteola Rocky Point Ice Plant Malus sp. Crabapple* Miscanthus sinensis Yaku Jima, Silberfeder Nandina domestica Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus spp. Narcissus species* Nerium oleander Oleander Olea europaea Olive* Ophiopogon japonicus Mondo Grass Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide Osmanthus heterphyllus Osteospermum fruticosum Trailing African Daisy Oxydendrum arboreum Sourwood Tree Peony; Moutan Peony Paeonia suffruticosa Pennisetum setaceumi Fountain Grass (Dwarf) Perovskia atriplicifolia Russian Sage Persea americana Avocado* Photinia Fraseri Frasier's Photinia (Redtip) Physostegia virginiana Dragonhead, False; Vivid Picea spp. Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.) Pieris japonica Lily-of-the-Valley Bush Pinus brutia Calabrian Pine P. canariensis Canary Island Pine P. elliottii Slash Pine P. halepensis Aleppo Pine P. nigra Austrian Pine P. Palustris

Longleaf Pine P. radiata Monterey Pine P. thunbergiana Japanese Black Pine P strobus Eastern White Pine P. sylvestris Scotch Pine P. taeda Loblolly Pine P. virginiana Virginia Pine Pistachio sp Pistachio* Pittosporum rhombifolium Queensland Pittosporum

P. tobira

Japanese Pittosporum Podocarpus macrophyllus Japanese Yew Prunus laurocerasus English Laurel

Prunus sp. Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and Prune*

Pseudotsuga menziesii Douglas Fir** Pyracantha coccinea Firethorn (Scarlet) P Fortuneana Chinese Firethorn P. Koidzumii Firethorn; Formosa; Taiwan Pyrus sp. Bradford Pear spp. Quercus shumardii Oak, Shumard's Red Quercus spp. Oak species Raphiolepis indica Indian Hawthorn Raphiolepsis umbellata Yedda Hawthorn Rhododendron 'Coral Bells' (including Azalea)

'Delaware Valley White' 'Flame Creeper 'Formosa' 'Girard Crimson' 'George L. Tabor' 'Hino-crimson' 'PJM'

Scientific Name **Common Name**

'Roseum Elegans' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumbo' Lady Bank's Rose Rosemary*

Rosmarinus officinalis Rudbeckia sp. Black-Eyed Susan; Goldsturm

Rosa Banksiae

Santolina virens Santolina Saxifrage; Purple Dome Saxifraga sp. Scabiosa sp. Pincushion Flower Sedum album White Stonecrop Sedum cauticola Cliff Stonecrop; Lidakense Sedum dasyphyllum Corsican Stonecrop Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood Sedum spurium Spiraea Bumalda Spirea: Anthony Waterer Syzygium paniculatum Australian Brush cherry

Taxus cuspidata Japanese Yew T. media Teucrium sp Germander Thalictrum dipterocarpum Meadow Rue Thuja occidentalis American Arborvitae Trachelospermum asiaticum Star Jasmine Tsuga canadensis Canada Hemlock Tulipa spp. Tulip species

Veronica sp. Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny

Border Viburnum japonicum Japanese Viburnum Sweet Viburnum V. odoratissimum Japanese Snowball V. plicatum V. rigidum Canary Island Viburnum

V. suspensum Sandankwa Laurustinus V. tinus V. trilobum Cranberry Bush V. rhytidophyllum Leatherleaf Virburnum V. wrightii Wright Virburnum Greater Periwinkle, Vinca Vinca major Vinca minor Common Periwinkle, Vinca

Vitis sp. Grane*

Weigela florida Old Fashioned Weigela Yucca aloifolia Spanish Bayonet, Yucca Adam's Needle, Yucca Y. filamentosa

> * DO NOT use on food producing trees, vines, or plants. ** Not for use on container grown plants.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store product in its original container in a cool, dry, locked place out of the reach of children and animals.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Completely empty container into application equipment. Then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of

WARRANTY

NOTE: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and performance if this product is not used according to the directions.